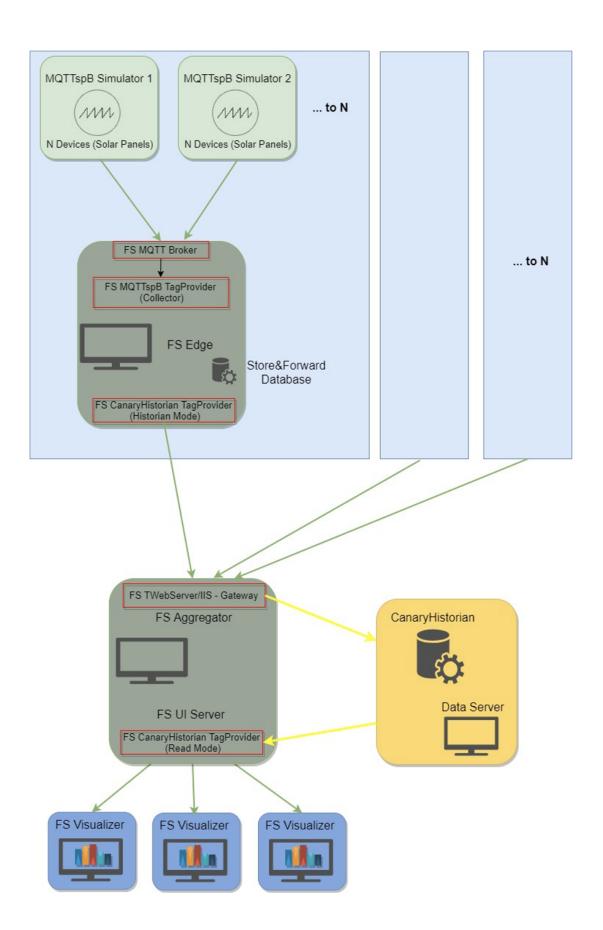
Demo Project for FactoryStudio 9.2

This document has information on the advanced Demo Project (Solar Panel) developed for FrameWorkX FactoryStudio's version 9.2 Release. Downlo ad here.

Overview

The Demo architecture is illustrated in the image below.



 $\label{thm:continuous} The \ MQTTspB \ Simulators \ are \ responsible \ for \ generating \ data \ for \ various \ Solar \ Panel \ structures \ and \ publishing \ them \ to \ a \ Broker.$

An Edge Project will connect to that Broker and read all data published by the Solar Panels (simulators) using the TagProvider for MQTTspB Protocol. This data will then be transferred to a Historian Database using the TagProvider for CanaryHistorian in Historian Mode.

Finally, there are User Interface Projects that connects to the Historian Database through the TagProvider for CanaryHistorian (in read mode) and display the data in dynamically.

Generating and Historizing Data

Setting Up Project for Data Storage

The Project fxEdgeCollector, will act as a Gateway for the data generated by an MQTTspB Simulator to the CanaryHistorian through an MQTTspB Broker.

The configuration is done without any FactoryStudio Tags, using only the TagProvider Unified Namespace (see more information on this topic on its documentation).

In order to ensure you have the correct behavior, check if the following settings are correct:

At Edit Tags Providers MQTTspB, change the connection parameters according to your Broker. You can use Tatsoft's default one (TMQTTBroker).

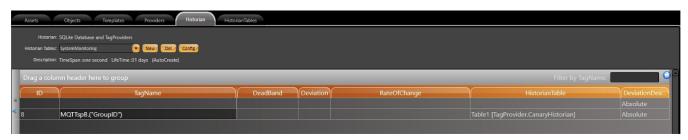
For more information on the MQTTspB Protocol and TMQTTBroker, please refer to their documentation. MQTTspB and TMQTTBroker.

At Edit Tags Providers CanaryHistorian, map the Server Name and View to the Historian Server that will be used.

The <u>Dataset</u> mapped don't need to pre-exist on your Server, as it can be auto-created by this application. For more information on the CanaryHistorian Protocol, please refer to its documentation (CanaryHistorian).



At **Edit Tags Historian**, you will see an entry from the MQTTspB Provider, mapping a Dynamic Tag to be By mapping the GroupID with the syntax MQTTspB.("GroupID") all child elements (Nodelds, DeviceIds and attributes) will be automatically historized as well.





There is a setting that determines how quickly the CanaryHistorian service rebuild their views cache when new tags or metadata arrive. That setting is in the <u>CanaryViews.exe.admin</u> file located in the installation location under the Views subfolder.

The parameter is called **lockoutTimeForRecaching** and the default is 5 minutes. The Views service only reads this setting when the service is starting. So, any manipulation to the value would require a restart of the Views service. The installation will try to modify this configuration to 0.

This section details the necessary configuration regarding the MQTTspB Simulator and configuration files. Make sure you you have a file called MQTTspBS imulator-Demo9.2.exe.config inside the same directory as the sample projects. This file contains the information required for customizing the simulator to create Tags in a specific format.



Important

DO NOT change the configuration file name.

The syntax for the configuration file is described below:

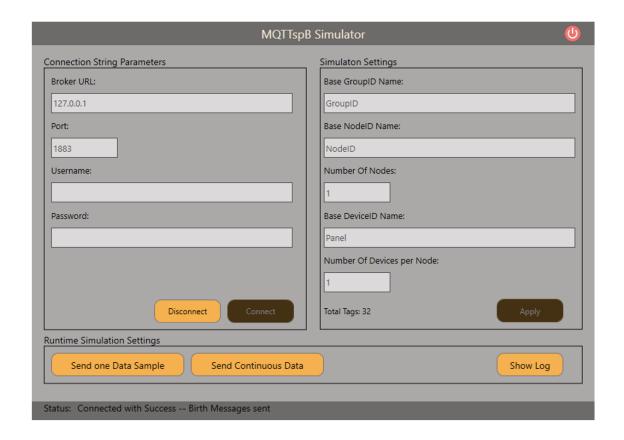
```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8" ?>
<configuration>
<configSections>
<section name="Barcelona" type="System.Configuration.AppSettingsSection" />
<section name="Bilbao" type="System.Configuration.AppSettingsSection" />
<section name="Madrid" type="System.Configuration.AppSettingsSection" />
<section name="Sevilha" type="System.Configuration.AppSettingsSection" />
</configSections>
<Bilbao>
<add key="NumberOfDevices" value="2" />
<add key="Name" value="Type=string;Sampling=constant;range=;defaultValue=Bilbao" />
<add key="State" value="Type=int;Sampling=variable;range=0,10;defaultValue=" />
<add key="Longitude" value="Type=double;Sampling=constant;range=-3.23,-2.456;defaultValue=" />
<add key="Latitude" value="Type=double;Sampling=constant;range=43.30, 43.341;defaultValue=" />
<add key="PanelPower" value="Type=double;Sampling=variable;range=200,500;defaultValue=" />
<add key="PanelVoltage" value="Type=double;Sampling=variable;range=-220,220;defaultValue=" />
<add key="PanelCurrent" value="Type=double;Sampling=variable;range=-10,10;defaultValue=" />
<add key="TemperaturePort" value="Type=double;Sampling=variable;range=15,35;defaultValue=" />
</Bilbao>
<Barcelona>
</Barcelona>
<Madrid>
</Madrid>
<Sevilha>
</Sevilha>
</configuration>
```

Each section defined in configSections will be a Nodeld that is created in the Broker. Their attributes are defined in their own section.

The NumberOfDevices key represents the amount of DeviceIds created for that specific NodeId. You can change that quantity by changing this value.

To launch the simulator with this custom configuration file, run the executable file with the path for the config file as a parameter.

The Simulator can easily be executed, through the ProjectAdmin Page in fxAssetsMonitor Project.



You can now simulate new values, for the Variable sampling Type of Attributes by clicking on the <u>Send</u> buttons. and Add/Remove all Nodelds from the Broker by forcing a Connection/Disconnection.

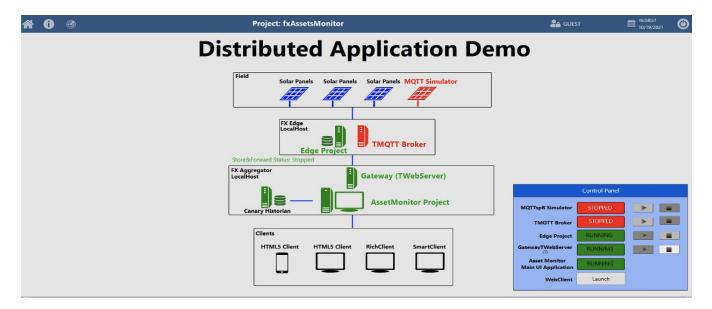
UI and Data Visualization

The User Interface and Data Visualization portion of this demo consists in a Project, fxAssetsMonitor, with a .Net Display to administrate the project applications and a HTML5 and WPF Displays for the SolarPanel assets, loaded from CanaryHistorian, in the AssetsControl and Map component.

Project Administrator Display in .Net

In this Display, you can monitor the status of your applications (Visualizer and Collector Projects, TMQTTBroker, MQTTspBSimulator and TWebServer) and Start/Stop them.

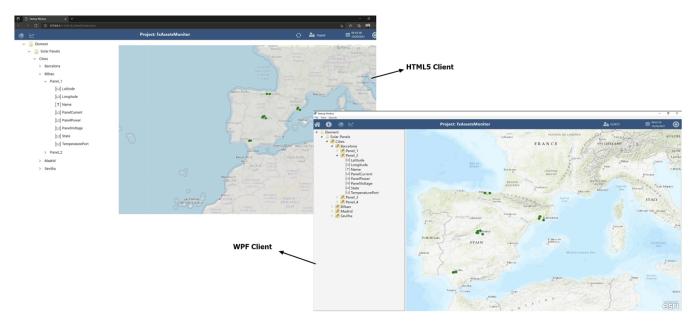
There is also a button to launch the HTML5 WebClient in MsEdge Browser.



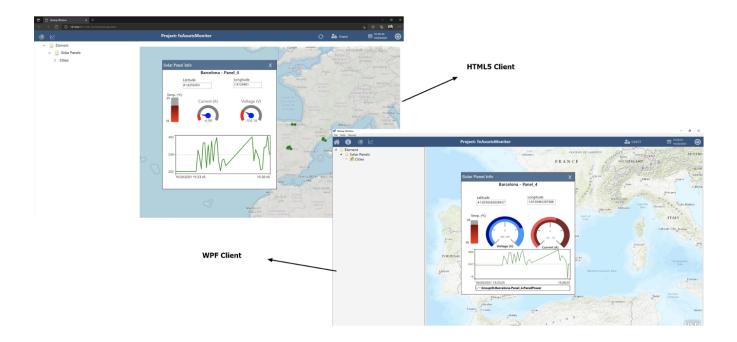
Data Visualization

The visualization portion of this project is available both in WPF and HTML5 clients. Despite using different technologies (.Net Framework and Javascript), their behaviors and components are quite similar. Below you will find some images showing both clients.

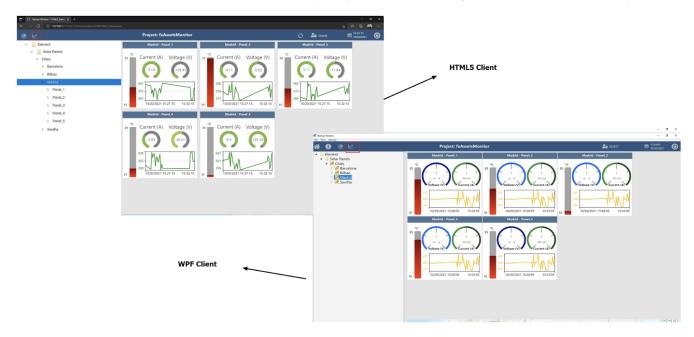
If your fxEdgeCollector configuration was done correctly and you have all necessary applications running, you should see some markers added to the Map components. They are loaded from the CanaryHistorian Dataset (Latitude and Longitude coordinates defined in the MQTTspBSimulator).



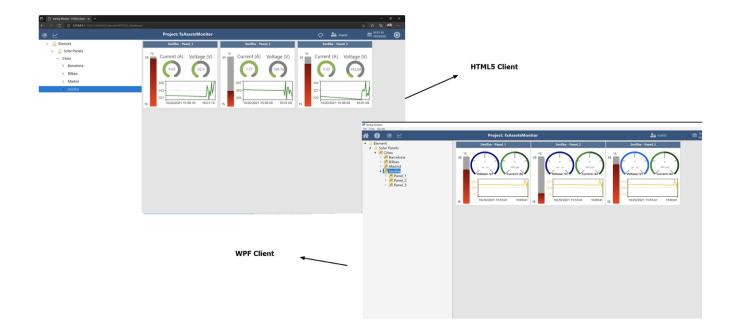
You can expand the AssetControl Tree to see the inner elements and Click on the Marker to reveal some detailed information on that specific SolarPanel, as illustrated below.



Navigating further down the AssetControl Tree under the <u>Cities</u> node, you will see the Cities that were created (Barcelona, Bilbao, Madrid and Sevilha, by default). Select one of the Cities and click on the Trend Icon (1) to open a Dynamic Window containing information on all Panels from that specific location.



The image above is showing all 5 (five) panels from <u>Madrid</u>. The same Dynamic Display is automatically adjusted for a different quantity when <u>Sevilha</u> is selected, for example.



Going one level down, inside the Panels from a City, we can monitor the attribute values from that specific SolarPanel.



Gateway/TbWebServer

The TWebServer, our built-in WebServer application, not only is responsible for allowing Client connections through HTPP requests but also enabling your CanaryHistorian to forward Data into a different server.

When using this feature, if the connection to the Server you are pointing to is down, the application can store the data locally to be synchronized once the connection is established again.

At the *fxEdgeCollector* Project, under **Edit Tags Providers**, you will find a column named <u>ServerIP</u>. In this field you can enter an IP Address pointing to a server that contains a CanaryHistorian running. This Server <u>must</u> have a TWebServer running in order to be accessible.

In this demo, you can test this feature by entering the local loopback IP Address 127.0.0.1. You can force the application to store data to be synchronized by stopping the TWebServer at the Project Admin Display. The data should be forwarded once the TWebServer is running again.

Modifying between Canary Historian and SQLite Historian

On fxEdgeCollector project:

• Modify the MQTT.(GroupID) to be linked with the SQLite Historian or Canary Historian using the column HistorianTable.

On fxAssetsMonitor project:

- Configure the startValue of Tag.ProjectAdmin.IsCanaryUsed to 0 (SQLite) or 1 (CanaryHistorian).
- Modify the Asset configuration to use the SQLiteHistorianByMQTT or CanaryHistorian Inside the "Element/Solar Panels/" clicking with the right button insert the TagProvider SQLiteHistorianByMQTT.("GroupID") or CanaryHistorian.("GroupID"). Important: only one tag provider is expected to be inside the "Element/Solar Panels/" level, so delete the TagProvider not desired from the asset configuration.
 Modify the DisplayText of SQLiteHistorianByMQTT.("GroupID") or CanaryHistorian.("GroupID") to be "Cities"